

STRUCTURE	Silicon monolithic integrated circuits
PRODUCT SERIES	Bipolar stepping motor driver
TYPE	BD6384EFV
FUNCTION	- PWM constant current controllable two H bridge driver - Mixed Decay control

○Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	7	V
	VM0,1,2	36	V
Power dissipation	Pd	1.6 ^{*1}	W
Input voltage for control pin	VIN	0~VCC	V
RNF voltage	VRNF	0.5	V
Maximum output current	IOUT	1.5 ^{*2}	A
Operating temperature range	Topr	-25~+85	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55~+150	°C
Junction temperature	Tjmax	150	°C

^{*1} 70mm×70mm×1.6mm glass epoxy board. Derating is done at 12.8mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C.

^{*2} Do not, however exceed Pd, ASO and Tjmax=150°C.

○Recommended operating conditions (Ta=-25~+85°C)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	3.0	5.0	5.5	V
	VM0,1,2	16	24	28	V
Output current	IOUT	-	1000	1200 ^{*3}	mA

^{*3} Do not, however exceed Pd, ASO.

This product described in this specification isn't judged whether it applies to COCOM regulations.

Please confirm in case of export.

This product isn't designed for protection against radioactive rays.

Status of this document

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification.

A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version.

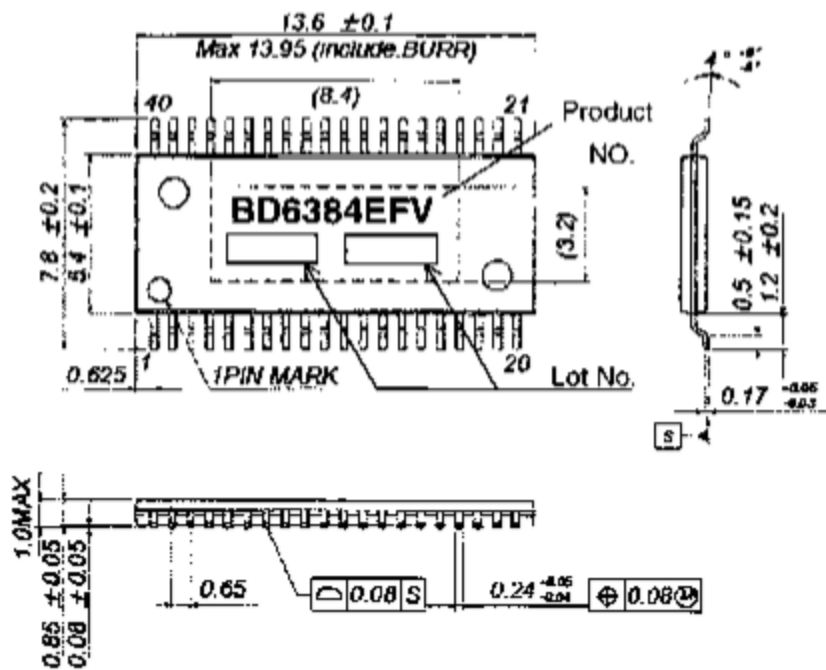
If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.

○Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VCC=5V, VM=24V)

Item	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max		
Whole circuit						
VCC circuit current at standby	ICCST	-	0	10	μA	PS=L
VCC circuit current	ICC	-	3	5	mA	PS=H, VREFX=2V
VM current at standby	IVMST	-	0	10	μA	PS=L
VM circuit current	IVM	-	1.5	3	mA	PS=H, VREFX=2V
Control input VCC=3.3V						
H level input voltage	VINH1	2.0	-	3.3	V	
L level input voltage	VINL1	0	-	0.8	V	
Control input VCC=5.0V						
H level input voltage	VINH2	2.5	-	5.0	V	
L level input voltage	VINL2	0	-	0.8	V	
Output						
Output ON resistance	RON	-	1.2	1.44	Ω	IOUT=1.0A, Sum of upper and lower
Output leak current	ILEAK	-	-	10	μA	
Current control part						
RNFX_REF input current	IRNF_REF	-2	-0.6	-	μA	RNFX_REF=0V
RNFX input current	IRNF	-40	-20	-	μA	
VREFX input current	IVREF	-1	-0.1	-	μA	VREFX=0V
VREFX input voltage range	VREF	0	-	2	V	
MTHX input current	IMTH	-1	-0.1	-	μA	MTHX=0V
MTHX input voltage range	MTH	0	-	2	V	
Comparator threshold (100%)	CTHLL	0.34	0.4	0.46	V	VREFX=2V,I0x=L,I1x=L
Comparator threshold (67%)	CTHHL	0.227	0.267	0.307	V	VREFX=2V,I0x=H,I1x=L
Comparator threshold (33%)	CTHLH	0.113	0.133	0.153	V	VREFX=2V,I0x=L,I1x=H
Minimum on time	TMINON	0.3	0.7	1.2	μsec	R=39kΩ,C=1000pF

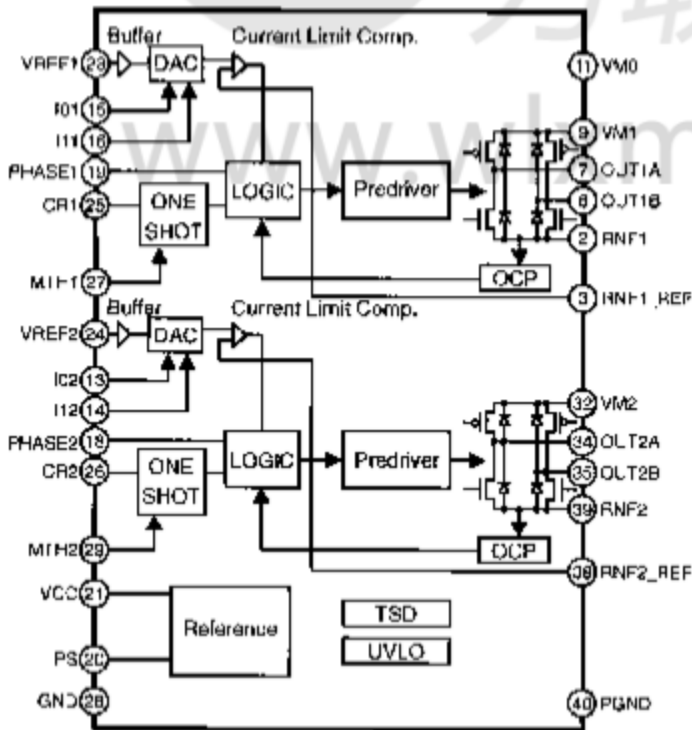
www.wlxmail.com

○Package outline



HTSSOP-B40 (Unit:mm)

○Block diagram



○Pin No. / Pin name

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name
1	N.C.	21	VCC
2	RNF1	22	N.C.
3	RNF1_REF	23	VREF1
4	N.C.	24	VREF2
5	N.C.	25	CR1
6	OUT1B	26	CR2
7	OUT1A	27	MTH1
8	N.C.	28	GND
9	VM1	29	MTH2
10	N.C.	30	N.C.
11	VM0	31	N.C.
12	N.C.	32	VM2
13	I02	33	N.C.
14	I12	34	OUT2A
15	I01	35	OUT2B
16	I11	36	N.C.
17	N.C.	37	N.C.
18	PHASE2	38	RNF2_REF
19	PHASE1	39	RNF2
20	PS	40	PGND

○Operation Notes

(1) Absolute maximum ratings

Use of the IC in excess of absolute maximum ratings such as the applied voltage or operating temperature range may result in IC damage. Assumptions should not be made regarding the state of the IC (short mode or open mode) when such damage is suffered. A physical safety measure such as a fuse should be implemented when use of the IC in a special mode where the absolute maximum ratings may be exceeded is anticipated.

(2) Power supply lines

As return of current regenerated by back EMF of motor happens, take steps such as putting capacitor between power supply and GND as a electric pathway for the regenerated current. Be sure that there is no problem with each property such as emptied capacity at lower temperature regarding electrolytic capacitor to decide capacity value. If the connected power supply does not have sufficient current absorption capacity, regenerative current will cause the voltage on the power supply line to rise, which combined with the product and its peripheral circuitry may exceed the absolute maximum ratings. It is recommended to implement a physical safety measure such as the insertion of a voltage clamp diode between the power supply and GND pins.

(3) GND potential

Ensure a minimum GND pin potential in all operating conditions.

(4) Setting of heat

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions. This IC exposes its frame of the backside of package. Note that this part is assumed to use after providing heat dissipation treatment to improve heat dissipation efficiency. Try to occupy as wide as possible with heat dissipation pattern not only on the board surface but also the backside.

(5) Actions in strong magnetic field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong magnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

(6) ASO

When using the IC, set the output transistor so that it does not exceed absolute maximum ratings or ASO.

(7) Thermal shutdown circuit

This IC incorporates a TSD (Thermal shutdown) circuit. If the chip becomes the following temperature, coil output to the motor will be open. The TSD circuit is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent runaway thermal operation. It is not designed to protect or guarantee peripheral equipment. Do not use the TSD function to protect peripheral equipment.

TSD on temperature [°C] (min.)	Hysteresis temperature [°C] (typ.)
150	25

(8) Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the application's reference point so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external components, either.

笔记

- 本文档的技术内容页面不得以任何形式复制或传播
意味着未经ROHM CO., LTD事先许可。
- 此处所述的内容如有更改，恕不另行通知。规格
本文档中描述的产品仅供参考。因此，在实际使用时，请提出要求
该规格将分开交付。
- 这里包含的应用电路图和电路常数是标准的例子
使用和操作。设计电路时请注意外围条件
并确定该组中的电路常数。
- 任何数据，包括但不限于此处描述的应用电路图信息
仅用于说明此类设备，而不是作为此类设备的规格说明。ROHM
有限公司。对任何使用此类设备的行为不得有任何侵权行为不承担任何保证
第三方的知识产权或其他所有权，并进一步，不承担任何责任
任何此类侵权行为的性质，或与之相关或与之相关或与之相关的任何性质
到这些设备的使用。
- 在出售任何此类设备后，除买方有权自行使用此类设备外，转售或以其他方式转售
否则处置相同的，没有明示或暗示的权利或执照或商业
利用其所拥有或控制的任何知识产权或其他专有权利
- 罗姆株式会社授予任何此类买方。
- 本文档中列出的产品不是抗辐射设计。

本文档中列出的产品旨在与普通电子设备或设备一起使用
(如视听设备，办公自动化设备，通讯设备，电器
电器和电子玩具)。

如果您打算将这些产品用于需要极高水平的设备或设备
可靠性和故障会直接危及人的生命(如医疗器械，
运输设备，航空航天机械，核反应堆控制器，燃料控制器等
安全装置)，请务必事先咨询我们的销售代表。

关于日本的出口管制令

本文所述的产品是出口贸易管制附件1(第16项)中的受管制物品

在日本订购。

如果是日本出口，请确认它是否适用于“客观”标准或“知情”(由MITI条款)
以“抓住所有对不扩散大规模毁灭性武器的控制”为基础。

感谢您访问ROHM产品信息.

更详细的产品信息和目录可用,

请联系最近的销售办事处.

详情请联系我们的销售办事处.

美国/圣地亚哥	电话: +1 (858)625-3630	传真: +1 (858)625-3670
亚特兰大	电话: +1 (770)754-5972	传真: +1 (770)754-0691
达拉斯	电话: +1 (972)312-8818	传真: +1 (972)312-0330
德国/杜塞尔多夫	电话: +49 (2154) 9210	传真: +49 (2154) 921400
英国/伦敦	电话: +44 (1) 908-282-666	传真: +44 (1) 908-282-528
法国/巴黎	电话: +33 (0) 1 56 97 30 60	传真: +33 (0) 1 56 97 30 80
中国/香港	电话: +852 (2) 740-6262	传真: +852 (2) 375-8971
上海	电话: +86 (21) 6279-2727	传真: +86 (21) 6247-2066
姐妹恋	电话: +86 (411) 8230-854	传真: +86 (411) 8230-8537
北京	电话: +86 (10) 8525-2483	传真: +86 (10) 8525-2489
台湾/台北	电话: +866 (2) 2500-6956	传真: +866 (2) 2503-2869
韩国/首尔	电话: +82 (2) 8182-700	传真: +82 (2) 8182-715
新加坡	电话: +65-6332-2322	传真: +65-6332-5662
马来西亚/吉隆坡	电话: +60 (3) 7958-8355	传真: +60 (3) 7958-8377
菲律宾/马尼拉	电话: +63 (2) 807-6872	传真: +63 (2) 809-1422
泰国/曼谷	电话: +66 (2) 254-4890	传真: +66 (2) 256-6334

日本 /
(内部销售)

东京	东京都中央区八重2-1-1, 邮编: 104-0082 电话: +81 (3) 5203-0321 传真: +81 (3) 5203-0300
横滨	神奈川県横浜市港北区新横浜2-4-8 电话222-8575 电话: +81 (45) 476-2131 传真: +81 (45) 476-2128
名古屋	爱知县名古屋市中村区梅野3-12-12号Dainagayo大厦450-0002 电话: +81 (52) 581-8521 传真: +81 (52) 561-2173
京都	579-32东石口寺町, 乌丸西区, 石口井道, 下京区, 京都600-8216 电话: +81 (75) 311-2121 传真: +81 (75) 314-6559

(日本海外客户的联系地址)

横滨	电话: +81 (45) 476-9270 传真: +81 (045)476-9271
----	---