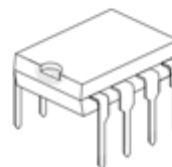


DC TO DC CONVERTER CONTROLLER

■ DESCRIPTION

The MC34063 is a monolithic regulator subsystem, intended for use as DC to DC converter. This device contains a temperature compensated band gap reference, a duty-cycle control oscillator, driver and high current output switch. It can be used for step down, step-up or inverting switching regulators as well as for series pass regulators.



MC34063D DIP-8

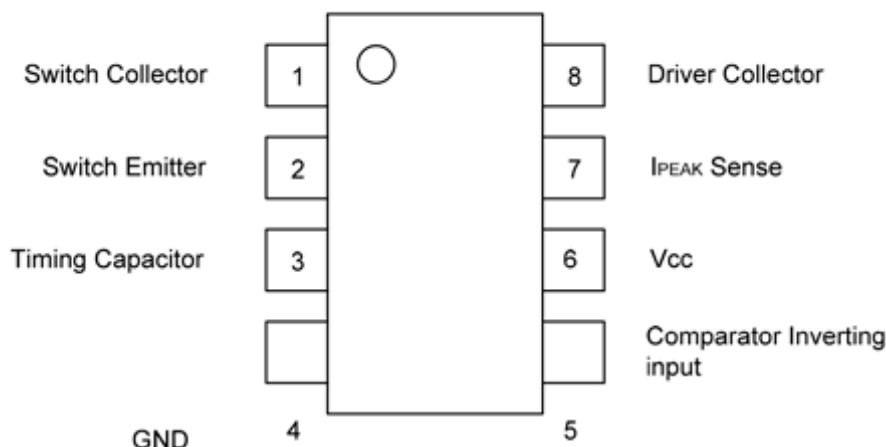
■ FEATURES

- * Operation from 3.0V to 40V.
- * Short circuit current limiting.
- * Low standby current.
- * Output switch current of 1.5A without external transistors.
- * Frequency of operation from 100Hz to 100kHz.
- * Step-up, step-down or inverting switch regulators.



MC34063S SOP-8

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO	PIN NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1	Switch Collector	I	Internal Darlington pairs TI collector
2	Switch Emitter	O	Internal Darlington pairs TI emitter
3	Timing Capacitor		The value of selected capacitor controls the internal oscillator run rate
4	GND		
5	Comparator Inverting Input	I	Inverting input of comparator which can set & initiate the Darlington pairs output switch
6	V _{CC}		
7	I _{PEAK} Sense	I	Current sense input to monitor the voltage drop across an external resistor placed in series with V _{CC}
8	Driver Collector	I	Internal Darlington pairs TI collector

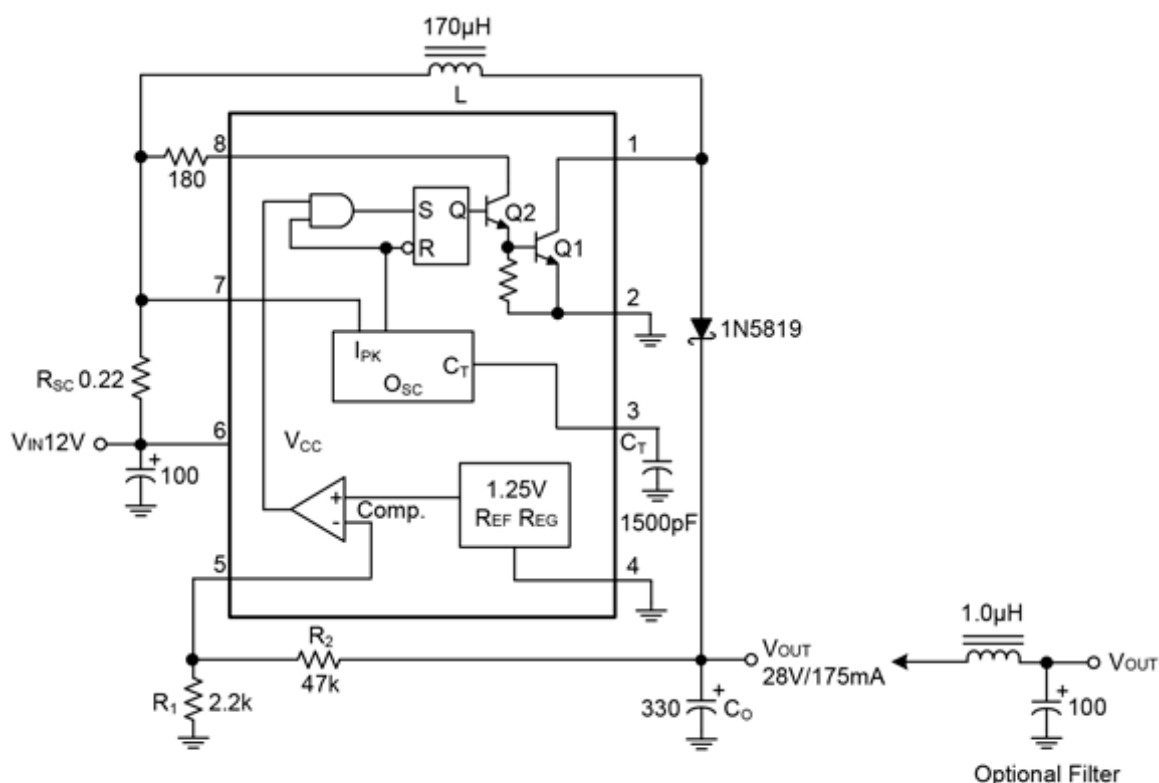
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Junction-to-Ambient	DIP-8	θ_{JA}	100	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
	SOP-8		160	

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC}=5.0V$, $T_a=0\sim+70^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified.)

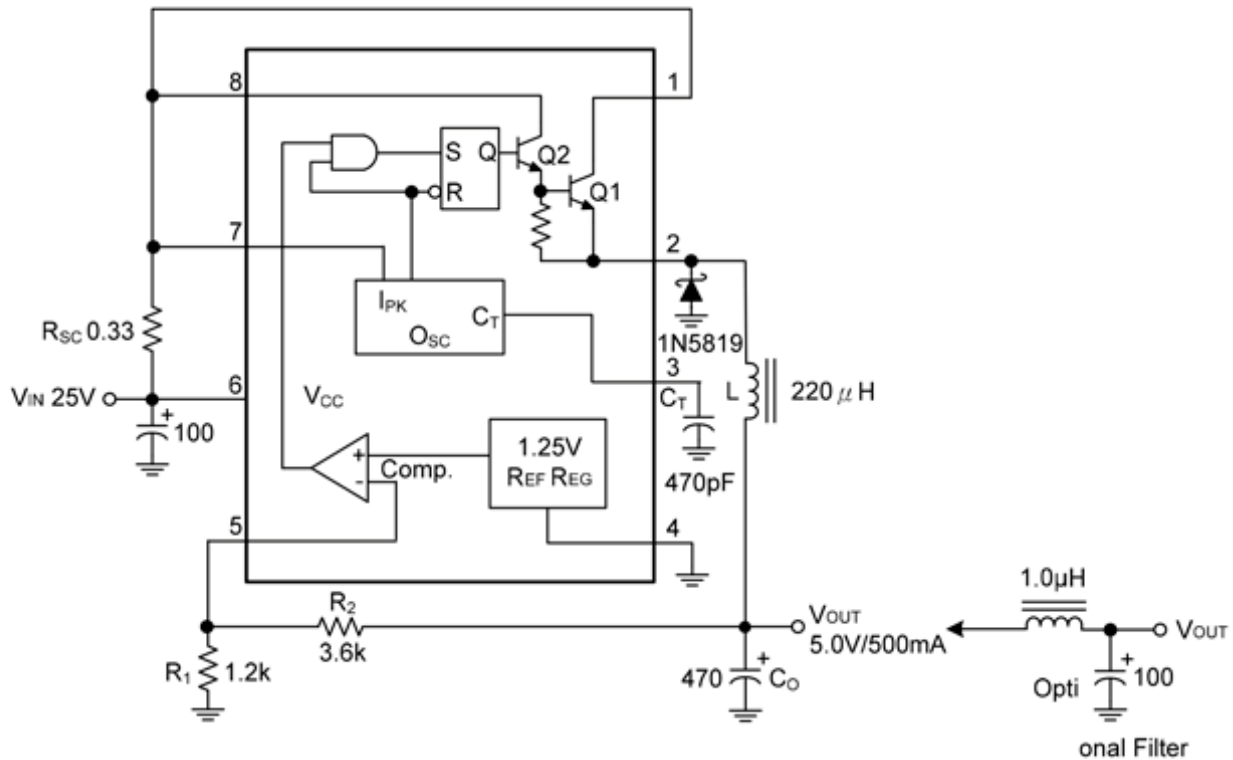
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Oscillator						
Charging Current	I_{CHG}	$V_{CC}=5$ to $40V$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$	22	31	42	μA
Discharging Current	I_{DISCHG}	$V_{CC}=5$ to $40V$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$	140	190	260	μA
Oscillator Amplitude	V_{OSC}	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$		0.5		V
Discharge to Charge Current Ratio	K	$V_7=V_{CC}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$	5.2	6.1	7.5	
Current limit Sense Voltage	V_{SENSE}	$I_{CHG}=I_{DISCHG}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$	250	300	350	mV
Output Switch						
Saturation Voltage 1(Note)	$V_{CE(SAT)1}$	$I_{SW}=1.0A$, $V_{C(DRIVER)}=V_{C(SW)}$		0.95	1.3	V
Saturation Voltage 2(Note)	$V_{CE(SAT)2}$	$I_{SW}=1.0A$, $V_{C(DRIVER)}=50mA$		0.45	0.7	V
DC Current Gain(Note)	$G_I(DC)$	$I_{SW}=1.0A$, $V_{CE}=5.0V$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$	50	180		
Collector Off State Current(Note)	$I_{C(OFF)}$	$V_{CE}=40.0V$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$		0.01	100	μA
Comparator						
Threshold Voltage	V_{THD}		1.21	1.24	1.29	V
Threshold Voltage Line Regulation	V_{THD}	$V_{CC}=3 \sim 40V$		2.0	5.0	mV
Input Bias Current	$I_{I(BIAS)}$	$V_{IN}=0V$		50	400	nA
Total Device						
Supply Current	I_{CC}	$V_{CC}=5\sim40V$, $C_T=0.001$ $V_7=V_{CC}$, $V_C>V_{THD}$, $Pin2=GND$		2.7	4.0	mA

Note: Output switch tests are performed under pulsed conditions to minimize power dissipation.

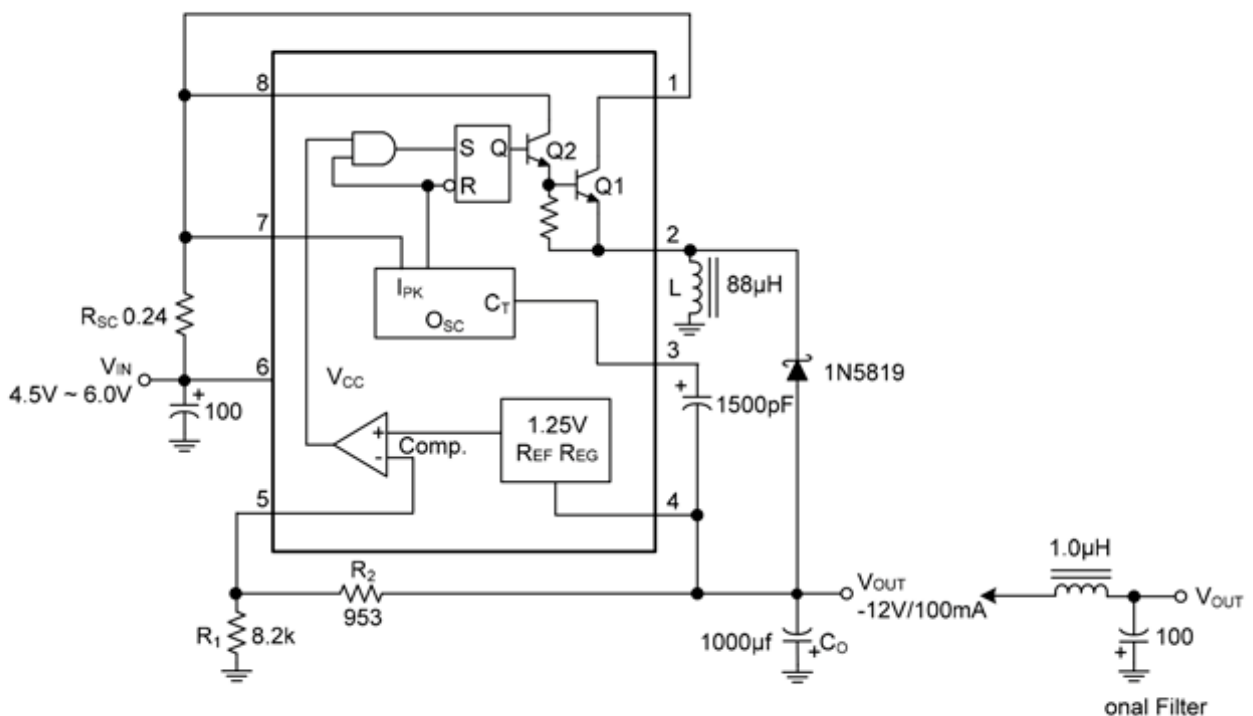
■ STEP-UP CONVERTER(Cont.)



■ STEP-DOWN CONVERTER(Cont.)



■ VOLTAGE INVERTING CONVERTER



■ DESIGN FORMULA TABLE

CALCULATION	STEP-DOWN	STEP-UP	VOLTAGE-INVERTING
$\frac{t_{ON}}{t_{OFF}}$	$\frac{V_{OUT} + V_F}{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{CE(SAT)} - V_{OUT}}$	$\frac{V_{OUT} + V_F - V_{IN(MIN)}}{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{CE(SAT)}}$	$\frac{ V_{OUT} + V_F}{V_{IN} - V_{CE(SAT)}}$
$(t_{ON} + t_{OFF})_{MAX}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$
C_T	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$
I_{SW}	$2I_{OUT(MAX)}$	$2I_{OUT(MAX)} \frac{t_{ON} + t_{OFF}}{t_{OFF}}$	$2I_{OUT(MAX)} \frac{t_{ON} + t_{OFF}}{t_{OFF}}$
R_S	$0.3/I_{SW}$	$0.3/I_{SW}$	$0.3/I_{SW}$
$L_{(MIN)}$	$(\frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{CE(SAT)} - V_{OUT}}{I_{SW}}) t_{ON(MAX)}$	$(\frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{CE(SAT)}}{I_{SW}}) t_{ON(MAX)}$	$(\frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{CE(SAT)}}{I_{SW}}) t_{ON(MAX)}$
C_O	$\frac{I_{SW}(t_{ON} + t_{OFF})}{8V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$	$\frac{I_{OUT} t_{ON}}{V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$	$\frac{I_{OUT} t_{ON}}{V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$

$V_{CE(SAT)}$ - Saturation voltage of the output switch.

V_F - Forward voltage drop of the ringback rectifier.

The following power supply characteristics must be chosen:

V_{IN} - Nominal input voltage.

V_{OUT} - Desired output voltage, $|V_{OUT}| = 1.25(1 + R_2/R_1)$

I_{OUT} - Desired output current.

F_{MIN} - Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values for V_{IN} and I_{OUT} .

$V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}$ - Desired peak-to-peak output ripple voltage. In practice, the calculated value will need to be increased due to the capacitor equivalent series resistance and board layout. The ripple voltage should be kept to a low value since it will directly effect the line and load regulation.

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

